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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/513,592	02/25/2000	Pulin R. Patel	067191.0110	7283
75	590 08/13/2003			
Baker Botts LLP			EXAMINER	
2001 Ross Ave Dallas, TX 75			YUN, EUGENE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2682	110
			DATE MAILED: 08/13/2003	19

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/513,592	PATEL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Eugene Yun	2682				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
,_	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>l</i> Disposition of Claims						
4)	in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)⊠ Claim(s) <i>1-25,46-70 and 88-92</i> is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s)is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	· ·					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 February 2000</u> is/are	: a)⊠ accepted or b)☐ objected to	by the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	••					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the prior action for action for a list of the prior action for a list of the list of the prior action for a list of the prior action for a list of the list of the list of the prior action for a list of th	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-				
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e	e) (to a provisional application).				
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti						
Attachment(s)	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) Notice of Informal F	r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
S. Patent and Trademark Office						

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 09/513,592

Art Unit: 2682

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-15, 19, 20, 24, 25, 46, 48-61, 65, 66, 69, and 70 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van den Heuvel et al. (US 5,301,359 "cited in IDS") in view of Grube et al. (US 5,594,947).

Referring to Claim 1, Van den Heuvel teaches a method for brokering resources of a wireless communication network, comprising:

receiving a request for a wireless service at a geographic region (see col. 4, lines 10-17);

determining an availability of the wireless service at the geographic region (see col. 3, lines 56-57); and

generating a response to the request based on the availability of the wireless service, the response including one or more terms for the wireless service (see col. 4, lines 22-31).

Van den Heuvel does not teach selectively determining an availability of said wireless service at the geographic region based on the request. Grube teaches selectively determining an availability of said wireless service at the geographic region based on the request (see ABSTRACT). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary

Art Unit: 2682

skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Grube to said method of Van den Heuvel in order to better offer alternate wireless services based on geographic region.

Referring to Claim 46, Van den Heuvel teaches a system for brokering resources of a wireless communication network, comprising:

computer implementable instructions encoded in at least one computer processable medium 206 (fig. 2); and

the instructions operable upon processing to receive a request for a wireless service at a geographic region (see col. 4, lines 10-17), determine an availability of the wireless service at the geographic region (see col. 3, lines 56-57), and generate a response to the request based on the availability of the wireless service, the response including one or more terms for the wireless service (see col. 4, lines 22-31).

Van den Heuvel does not teach selectively determining an availability of said wireless service at the geographic region based on the request. Grube teaches selectively determining an availability of said wireless service at the geographic region based on the request (see ABSTRACT). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Grube to said method of Van den Heuvel in order to better offer alternate wireless services based on geographic region.

Referring to Claims 2 and 48, Van den Heuvel also teaches the request identifying a time for the wireless service (see col. 4, lines 9-17), and determining the

Art Unit: 2682

availability of the wireless service at the given time (see col. 3, lines 57-68 and col. 4, lines 1-2).

Referring to Claims 3 and 49, Van den Heuvel also teaches the request identifying a bandwidth for the wireless service, and determining the availability of the wireless service at the geographic region for the bandwidth (see col. 3, lines 1-10).

Referring to Claims 4 and 50, Van den Heuvel also teaches the request identifying a type of service for the wireless service, and determining the availability of the wireless service at the geographic region for the type of service (see col. 4, lines 36-46).

Referring to Claims 5 and 51, Van den Heuvel also teaches the request identifying a price for the wireless service, and determining the availability of the wireless service at the geographic region at the price (see col. 3, line 68 and col. 4, lines 1-2).

Referring to Claims 6 and 52, Van den Heuvel also teaches the request identifying a network provider for the wireless service, and determining the availability of the wireless service at the geographic region from the network provider (see col. 4, lines 50-56).

Referring to Claims 7 and 53, Van den Heuvel also teaches the request identifying a service provider for the wireless service, and determining the availability of the wireless service at the geographic region from the service provider (see col. 3, lines 57-62).

Art Unit: 2682

Referring to Claims 8-13 and 54-59, Van den Heuvel also teaches the terms and the response comprising a price (see col. 3, line 68 and col. 4, lines 1-2), a time (see col. 4, lines 9-17), a type of service (see col. 4, lines 36-46), a bandwidth (see col. 3, lines 1-10), a network provider (see col. 4, lines 50-56), and service provider (see col. 3, lines 57-62) for the wireless service (see col. 4, lines 22-26).

Referring to Claims 14 and 60, Van den Heuvel also teaches the response comprising an offer for the wireless service, further comprising providing the wireless service in response to acceptance of the terms by a user (see col. 4, lines 22-31).

Referring to Claims 15 and 61, Van den Heuvel also teaches broadcasting the request to a plurality of network providers each having a wireless access network covering at least part of the geographic region (see col. 4, lines 36-46);

receiving a service plan from at least one of the network providers, the service plan based on an availability of the wireless service at the geographic region in the wireless access network of the network provider (see col. 4, lines 50-54); and

generating the response based on service plans from the network providers (see col. 4, lines 55-60).

Referring to Claims 19 and 65, Van den Heuvel also teaches a graphical user interface on a mobile device, the graphical user interface configured to receive the request for the wireless service at the geographic region (see col. 4, lines 56-60).

Referring to Claims 20 and 66, Van den Heuvel also teaches the GUI configured to receive a plurality of service criteria (see col. 4, lines 3-9), the service criteria comprising a geographic region (see col. 4, line 38), a price (see col. 3, line 68 and col.

Art Unit: 2682

4, lines 1-2), a time (see col. 4, lines 9-17), a type of service (see col. 4, lines 36-46), and a bandwidth (see col. 3, lines 1-10) for the wireless service.

Referring to Claims 24 and 69, Van den Heuvel also teaches negotiating at least one of a plurality of service criteria for the wireless service with a requester of the wireless service (see col. 4, lines 40-46), the service criteria comprising a geographic region (see col. 4, line 38), a price (see col. 3, line 68 and col. 4, lines 1-2), a time (see col. 4, lines 9-17), a type of service (see col. 4, lines 36-46), and a bandwidth (see col. 3, lines 1-10) for the wireless service.

Referring to Claims 25 and 70, Van den Heuvel also teaches the service criteria comprising at least one of a network provider (see col. 4, lines 50-56) and a service provider (see col. 3, lines 57-62).

3. Claims 88-90 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van den Heuvel in view of Erickson et al. (US 5,581,802).

Referring to Claim 88, Van den Heuvel teaches an interface for a mobile communication device operable to use wireless services in connection with a wireless communications network, comprising:

computer implementable instructions encoded in at least one computer processable medium 206 (fig. 2); and

the instructions operable upon processing to provide a user interface configured to receive a plurality of service criteria for generating a request for wireless services at a geographic region, the service criteria comprising a geographic region (see col. 4, line

Art Unit: 2682

38), a price (see col. 3, line 68 and col. 4, lines 1-2), a time (see col. 4, lines 9-17), a type of service (see col. 4, lines 36-46), and a bandwidth (see col. 3, lines 1-10) for the wireless service.

Van den Heuvel does not teach displaying a response to the request comprising available wireless services and terms for the available wireless services, wherein the available wireless services are determined based on the service criteria. Erickson teaches displaying a response to the request comprising available wireless services and terms for the available wireless services, wherein the available wireless services are determined based on the service criteria (see fig. 3 as well as col. 4, lines 62-67 and col. 5, lines 1-15). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Erickson to said method of Van den Heuvel in order to reduce multiple requests being made before access to a wireless service is gained.

Referring to Claim 89, Van den Heuvel also teaches the service criteria comprising at least one of a network provider (see col. 4, lines 50-56) and a service provider (see col. 3, lines 57-62).

Referring to Claim 90, Van den Heuvel also teaches a graphical user interface on a mobile device, the graphical user interface configured to receive the request for the wireless service at the geographic region (see col. 4, lines 56-60).

4. Claims 16, 17, 62, and 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van den Heuvel and Grube in view of Jankowitz (US 6,064,972).

Art Unit: 2682

Referring to Claims 16 and 62, Van den Heuvel teaches a graphical user interface (GUI) configured to receive the request for the wireless service at the geographic region (see col. 4, lines 56-60). The combination of Van den Heuvel and Grube does not teach providing an Internet site. Jankowitz teaches providing an Internet site (see 54 of fig. 2). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Jankowitz to said method of Van den Heuvel in order to expand the number of resources available to a user to provide the best service.

Referring to Claims 17 and 63, Van den Heuvel also teaches the GUI configured to receive a plurality of service criteria (see col. 4, lines 3-9), the service criteria comprising a geographic region (see col. 4, line 38), a price (see col. 3, line 68 and col. 4, lines 1-2), a time (see col. 4, lines 9-17), a type of service (see col. 4, lines 36-46), and a bandwidth (see col. 3, lines 1-10) for the wireless service.

5. Claims 18, 21, 47, 64, 67, and 91 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van den Heuvel, Grube, Erickson and Jankowitz in view of Craport et al. (US 5,961,569).

Referring to Claims 18, 21, 64, 67, and 91, the combination of Van den Heuvel, Grube, Erickson, and Jankowitz does not teach a graphical map displaying geographic areas for selection of the geographic region. Craport teaches a graphical map displaying geographic areas for selection of the geographic region (see col. 10, lines 25-44). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

Art Unit: 2682

the invention was made to provide the teachings of Craport to said method of Van den Heuvel in order to make it easier for the user to obtain the best available wireless service.

Referring to Claim 47, the combination of Van den Heuvel and Grube does not teach software stored on a computer readable medium. Craport teaches software stored on a computer readable medium (see 921, 924, and 927 of fig. 9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Craport to said method of Van den Heuvel in order to make it easier for the user to obtain and later select the best available wireless service.

6. Claims 22, 23, 68, and 92 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Van den Heuvel, Grube, and Erickson in view of Gerszberg et al. (US 6,424,646).

The combination of Van den Heuvel, Grube, and Erickson does not teach voice activated commands configured to receive the request for the wireless service at the geographic region. Gerzberg teaches voice activated commands configured to receive the request for the wireless service at the geographic region (see col. 8, line 27). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teachings of Gerszberg to said method of Van den Heuvel in order to make it easier for the user to obtain and select the best available wireless service.

Art Unit: 2682

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-25, 46-70, and 88-92 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eugene Yun whose telephone number is (703) 305-2689. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am-5:30pm Alt. Fridays off.

Art Unit: 2682

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vivian Chin can be reached on (703) 308-6739. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9314 for regular communications and (703) 872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

Eugene Yun Examiner Art Unit 2682

EY August 4, 2003

/ VIVIAN CHIN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600